$\qquad$ Date $\qquad$ Class $\qquad$

## CHAPTER 15 REVIEW <br> Acids and Bases

## SECTION 15-1

SHORT ANSWER Answer the following questions in the space provided.

1. Name the following compounds as acids:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ c. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$
$\qquad$ d. $\mathrm{HClO}_{4}$
$\qquad$
2. $\qquad$ Which (if any) of the acids mentioned in item 1 are binary acids?
3. Write formulas for the following acids:
$\qquad$ a. nitrous acid
$\qquad$ b. hydrobromic acid
$\qquad$ c. phosphoric acid
$\qquad$ d. acetic acid
$\qquad$ e. hypochlorous acid
4. Calcium selenate has the formula $\mathrm{CaSeO}_{4}$.
$\qquad$ a. What is the formula for selenic acid?
$\qquad$ b. What is the formula for selenous acid?
5. Use an activity series to identify two metals that will not generate hydrogen gas when treated with an acid.
6. Write balanced molecular equations for the following reactions of acids and bases:
a. aluminum metal with dilute nitric acid
b. calcium hydroxide solution with acetic acid

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## SECTION 15-1 continued

7. Write net ionic equations that represent the following reactions:
a. the ionization of $\mathrm{HClO}_{3}$ in water
b. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ functioning as an Arrhenius base
8. a. Explain how strong acid solutions conduct an electric current.
b. Will a strong acid or a weak acid conduct electricity better, assuming all other factors remain constant? Explain your answer.
9. Most acids react with solid carbonates. For example:

$$
\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}(s)+\mathrm{HCl}(a q) \rightarrow \mathrm{CaCl}_{2}(a q)+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(l)+\mathrm{CO}_{2}(g) \text { (unbalanced) }
$$

a. Balance the above equation.
b. Write the net ionic equation for the above reaction.
$\qquad$ c. Identify all spectator ions in this system.
$\qquad$ d. How many liters of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ form at STP if 5.0 g of $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$ are treated with excess hydrochloric acid? Show all your work.

